

Subcutaneous Efgartigimod PH20 Treatment in Participants With Generalized Myasthenia Gravis in ADAPT-SC+: Interim Analyses on Quality of Life, Efficacy, Tolerability, and Long-Term Safety

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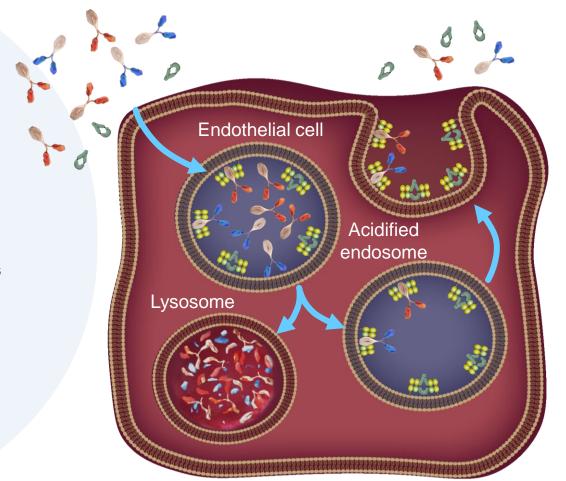
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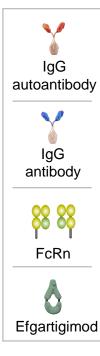
Disclosures

- The phase 3 ADAPT-SC and ADAPT-SC+ studies were funded by argenx
- TV has served as a speaker and consultant for argenx and participated in trials sponsored by argenx
- TV has also served as a speaker for Alexion, CSL Behring, and Allergan/AbbVie. He has performed consulting work related to MG for Alexion/AstraZeneca, and UCB, and participated in trials in MG sponsored by Alexion/AstraZeneca, argenx BV, Ra/UCB, Horizon/Viela Bio, Regeneron, Janssen/Momenta, Immunovant, Cartesians Therapeutics, and Sanofi

Efgartigimod Effectively Blocks FcRn and Reduces IgG Levels

- FcRn recycles IgG to extend its half-life and maintain its high serum concentration¹
- Efgartigimod is a human IgG1 Fc fragment, a natural ligand of FcRn, engineered to have increased affinity for FcRn and outcompete endogenous IgG^{2,3}
- Efgartigimod binding to FcRn prevents IgG recycling and promotes its lysosomal degradation, thus reducing IgG levels without directly impacting IgG production²⁻⁵
 - Targeted reduction of all IgG subtype^{2,4}
 - No impact on IgM, IgA, IgE, or IgD ^{2,5}
 - No reduction in albumin or increase in cholesterol levels⁴⁻⁶
- Efgartigimod PH20 SC is a coformulation of efgartigimod and recombinant human hyaluronidase PH20 (rHuPH20), which allows for rapid SC administration of larger volumes^{7,8}
- PK/PD modeling and phase 3 data (ADAPT-SC) suggest 4 weekly administrations of 1000 mg efgartigimod PH20 SC and 10 mg/kg efgartigimod IV result in comparable decreases in IgG levels⁷



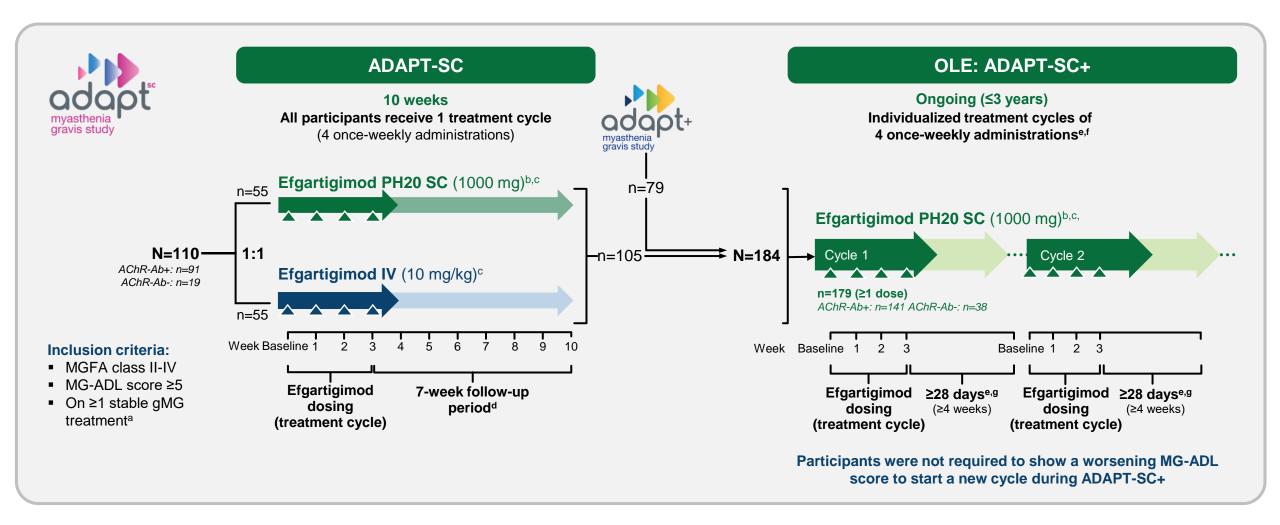


FC, crystallizable fragment; FcRn, neonatal Fc receptor; Ig, immunoglobulin; IV, intravenous; PD, pharmacodynamic; PK, pharmacokinetic; SC, subcutaneous.

^{1.} Sesarman A, et al. Cell Mol Life Sci. 2010;67(15):2533-2550. 2. Ulrichts P, et al. J Clin Invest. 2018;128(10):4372-4386. 3. Vaccaro C, et al. Nat Biotech. 2005;23(10):1283-1288.

^{4.} Howard JF Jr, et al. *Lancet Neurol*. 2021;20(7):526-536. **5.** Nixon AE, et al. *Front Immunol*. 2015;6:176. **6.** Ward ES, et al. *Front Immunol*. 2022;13:892534. **7.** Study ARGX-113-2001 (ADAPT-SC) Clinical Trial Protocol v2.0, 02 Jul 2021. **8.** Locke KW, et al. *Drug Deliv*. 2019;26(1):98-106.

ADAPT-SC/ADAPT-SC+ Study Design



AChEI, acetylcholinesterase inhibitor; gMG, generalized myasthenia gravis; IV, intravenous; MG-ADL, Myasthenia Gravis Activities of Daily Living; MGFA, Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America; NSIST, nonsteroidal immunosuppressive therapy; OLE, open-label extension; rHuPH20, recombinant human hyaluronidase PH20; SC, subcutaneous.

^aAChEIs, steroids, and/or NSISTs. ^bCoformulated with 2000 U/mL rHuPH20. ^cArrows indicate efgartigimod administration. ^dParticipants could not receive treatment in the 7-week follow-up period. ^e≥28 days between the last dose of the previous treatment period and the first dose of the next treatment period and based on the need for treatment as determined by the investigator. ^fParticipants who are not in need of retreatment at study entry will instead start with an intertreatment period. ^gDuring the second year onward, it is recommended to have ≥28 days between treatment cycles. However, a subsequent treatment period can be administered earlier based on clinical evaluation at the discretion of the investigator.

ADAPT-SC+ Participant Demographics and Baseline Characteristics *Overall, AChR-Ab+, and AChR-Ab- Populations*

	Efgartigimod PH20 SC Overall (n=179) ^a	Efgartigimod PH20 SC AChR-Ab+ (n=141)	Efgartigimod PH20 SC AChR-Ab- (n=38)
Age, mean, y (SD)	50.7 (15.5)	51.0 (15.9)	49.7 (14.2)
Female, n (%)	119 (66.5)	90 (63.8)	29 (76.3)
Weight, kg, median (Q1-Q3)	76.9 (64.0-89.8)	77.0 (63.0-92.0)	76.1 (67.7-85.6)
AChR-Ab+, n (%)	141 (78.8)	141 (100)	-
Total MG-ADL score, mean (SD)	7.9 (3.4)	7.6 (3.4)	8.9 (3.4)
Total MG-QoL15r score, mean (SD)	13.6 (6.9)	13.1 (6.8)	15.5 (6.8)
Baseline EQ-5D-5L VAS, mean (SD)	59.5 (18.6)	61.0 (18.6)	54.0 (17.8)
MG therapy during the first year, n (%) Any steroid Any NSIST Any AChEI Steroid + NSIST AChEI only	128 (71.5) 89 (49.7) 150 (83.8) 69 (38.5) 29 (16.2)	103 (73.0) 67 (47.5) 122 (86.5) 53 (37.6) 23 (16.3)	25 (65.8) 22 (57.9) 28 (73.7) 16 (42.1) 6 (15.8)

AChEI, acetylcholinesterase inhibitor; AChR-Ab+, acetylcholine receptor antibody seropositive; EQ-5D-5L VAS, EuroQoL 5-Dimension, 5-Level visual analog scale; MG, myasthenia gravis; MG-ADL, Myasthenia Gravis Activities of Daily Living; MG-QoL15r, Myasthenia Gravis Quality of Life 15-Item Questionnaire, Revised; NSIST, nonsteroidal immunosuppressive therapy.

a Of the 184 participants enrolled, 179 received at least one dose of efgartigimod PH20 SC.

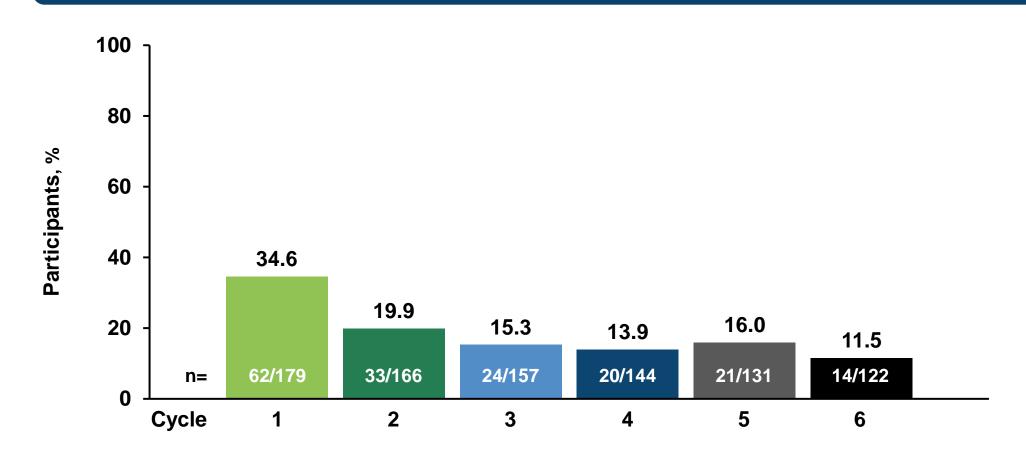
Summary of AEs Overall Population

		Efgartigimod PH20 SC (n=179; PYFU=193.4)	
	IR ^a	n (%)	
Any AE, n (%)	9.0	152 (84.9)	
Any AE grade ≥3, n (%)	0.4	36 (20.1)	
Any SAE, n (%)	0.3	33 (18.4)	
Any ISR ^b , n (%)	3.2	82 (45.8)	
Any infection, n (%)	1.0	91 (50.8)	
Fatal event ^c	<0.1	4 (2.2)	
Discontinued study treatment owing to AEsd, n (%)	<0.1	4 (2.2)	
Most commonly observed AEse, n (%)			
Injection site erythema	1.7	52 (29.1)	
COVID-19	0.2	40 (22.3)	
Headache	0.6	36 (20.1)	
Nasopharyngitis	0.2	28 (15.6)	
Diarrhea	0.2	24 (13.4)	
Injection site pain	0.2	21 (11.7)	
Injection site pruritus	0.2	19 (10.6)	
Injection site bruising	0.2	18 (10.1)	

AE, adverse event; IR, incidence rate (or event rate) per patient years of follow-up; ISR, injection site reaction; MG, myasthenia gravis; PYFU, participant-years of follow-up; SAE, serious adverse event; SC, subcutaneous. alR was calculated as number of events per total PYFU. bParticipants experiencing events decreased over subsequent cycles; from 34.6% (n=62/179) in Cycle 1 to 11.5% (n=14/122) in Cycle 6. algorithms of events (metastatic renal cell cancer, cardiac arrest, pulmonary mass, and COVID-19/respiratory failure) were not related to efgartigimod PH20 SC treatment, as determined by investigators. Treatment discontinuation due to metastatic renal cell cancer (Cycle 1, death), cardiac arrest (Cycle 2, death), COVID-19/respiratory failure (Cycle 3, death), and MG crisis (Cycle 1). MG of patients receiving efgartigimod PH20 SC.

Incidence of ISRs Through Cycle 6 Overall Population

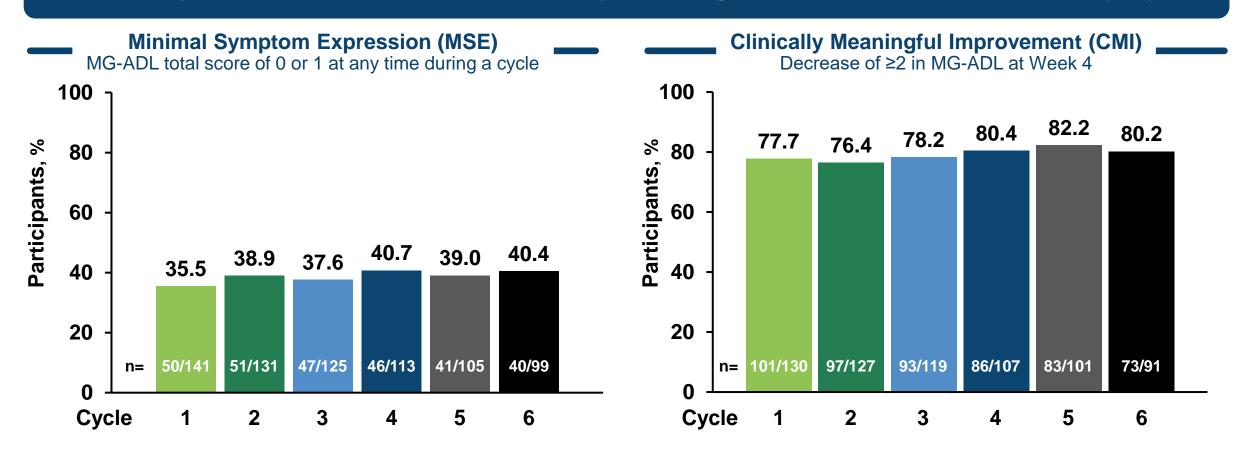
Percentage of Participants Experiencing ISRs by Cycle



Minimal Symptom Expression and Clinically Meaningful Improvement Through Cycle 6

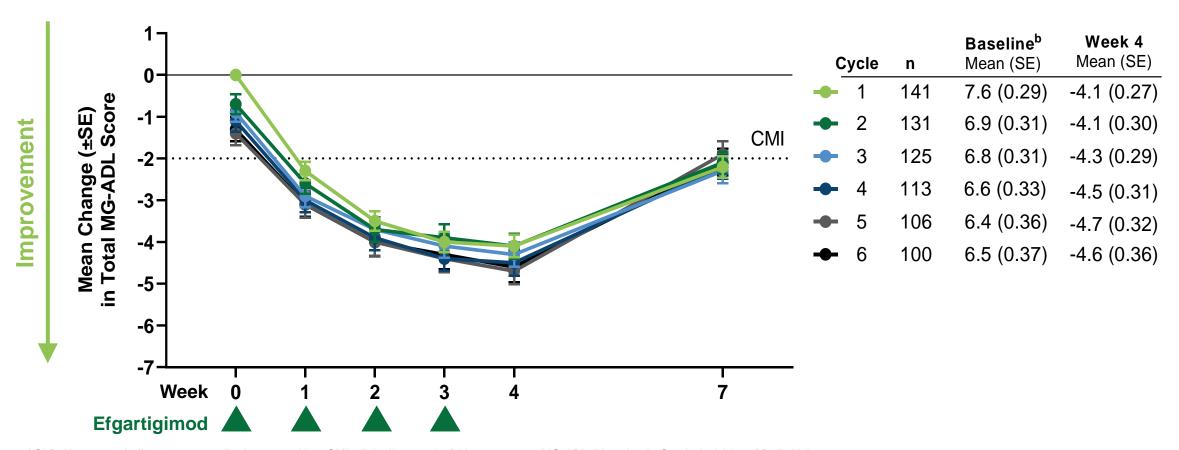
AChR-Ab+ Population

Minimal Symptom Expression and Clinically Meaningful Improvement in MG-ADL by Cycle



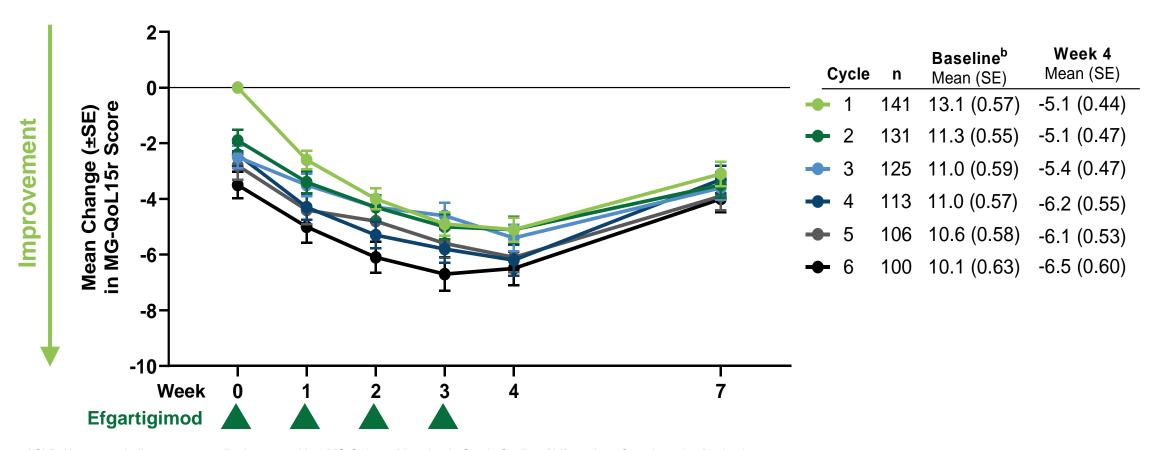
Change in MG-ADL Through Cycle 6 AChR-Ab+ Population

Mean Change in MG-ADL From Study Baseline^a



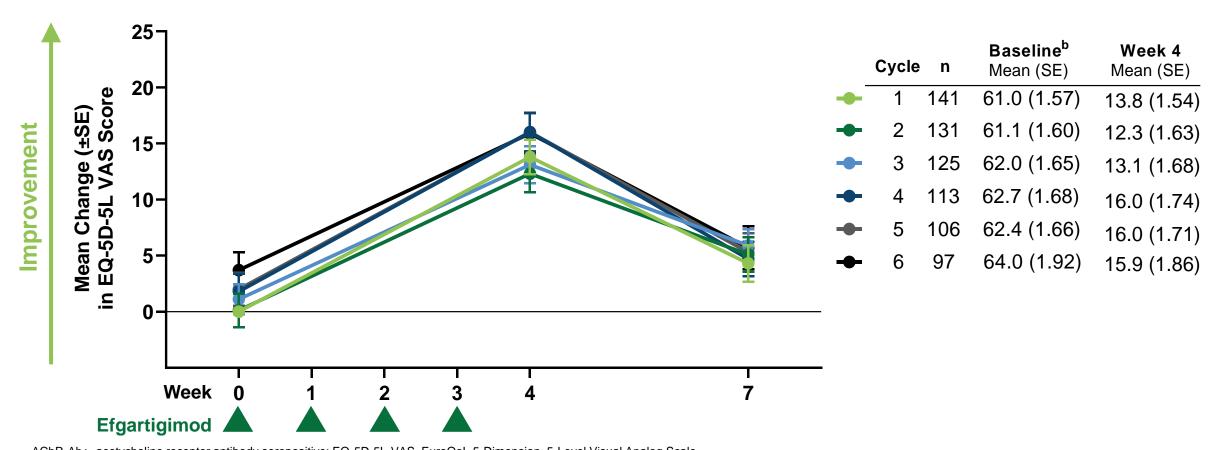
Change in MG-QoL15r Through Cycle 6 AChR-Ab+ Population

Mean Change in MG-QoL15r From Study Baseline^a



Change in EQ-5D-5L VAS Through Cycle 6 AChR-Ab+ Population

Mean Change in EQ-5D-5L VAS From Study Baseline^a



AChR-Ab+, acetycholine receptor antibody seropositive; EQ-5D-5L-VAS, EuroQoL 5-Dimension, 5-Level Visual Analog Scale.

aValues for EQ-5D-5L VAS range from 0-100, with higher total scores indicating greater overall health. bThe mean (SE) change of EQ-5D-5L VAS baseline from Cycle 1 to Cycle 6 was 3.7 (1.60).

Summary



Efgartigimod PH20 SC was well tolerated, with no new safety signals observed compared with ADAPT-SC

All ISRs were mild or moderate, decreased with subsequent cycles, and did not lead to treatment discontinuation

Efgartigimod PH20 SC treatment resulted in consistent and repeatable improvements in MG-ADL, MG-QOL15r, and EQ-5Q-5L total scores over multiple cycles, with improvements noted as early as the week after the first administration

The majority of AChR-Ab+ participants experienced clinically meaningful improvements in MG-ADL, and a subset were able to achieve MSE; the proportions of participants achieving CMI or MSE were consistent across multiple cycles

The ADAPT-SC+ study is currently ongoing